## § 1710.105

## § 1710.105 State regulatory approvals.

- (a) In States where a borrower is required to obtain approval of a project or its financing from a state regulatory authority, RUS may require that such approvals be obtained, if feasible for the borrower to do so, before the following types of loans are approved by RUS:
- (1) Loans requiring an Environmental Impact Statement;
- (2) Loans to finance generation and transmission facilities, when the loan request for such facilities is \$25 million or more; and
- (3) Loans for the purpose of assisting borrowers to implement demand side management and energy conservation programs and on and off grid renewable energy systems.
- (b) At minimum, in the case of all loans in states where state regulatory approval is required of the project or its financing, such state approvals will be required before loan funds are advanced.
- (c) In cases where state regulatory authority approval has been obtained, but the borrower has failed to proceed with the project in a timely manner according to the schedule contained in the borrower's project design manual, or if there are cost overruns or other developments that threaten loan feasibility or security, RUS may require the borrower to obtain a reaffirmation of the project and its financing from the state authority before any additional loan funds are advanced.
- [57 FR 1053, Jan. 9, 1992; 57 FR 4513, Feb. 5, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 66265, Dec. 20, 1993]

## §1710.106 Uses of loan funds.

- (a) Funds from loans made or guaranteed by RUS may be used to finance:
- (1) Distribution facilities. (i) The construction of new distribution facilities or systems, the cost of system improvements and removals less salvage value, the cost of ordinary replacements and removals less salvage value, needed to meet load growth requirements, improve the quality of service, or replace existing facilities.
- (ii) The purchase, rehabilitation and integration of existing distribution facilities and associated service territory when the acquisition is an incidental

- and necessary means of providing or improving service to persons in rural areas who are not receiving adequate central station service, and the borrower is unable to finance the acquisition from other sources. See §1710.107.
- (2) Transmission and generation facilities. (i) The construction of new transmission and generation facilities or systems, the cost of system improvements and removals, less salvage value, the cost of ordinary replacements and removals less salvage value, needed to meet load growth, improve the quality of service, or replace existing facilities.
- (ii) The purchase of an ownership interest in new or existing transmission or generation facilities to serve RE Act beneficiaries.
- (3) Warehouse and garage facilities. The purchase, remodeling, or construction of warehouse and garage facilities required for the operation of a borrower's system. See paragraph (b) of this section.
- (4) Interest. The payment of interest on indebtedness incurred by a borrower to finance the construction of generation and transmission facilities during the period preceding the date such facilities are placed into service, if requested by the borrower and found necessary by RUS.
- (5) Certain costs incurred in demand side management, energy conservation programs and on and off grid renewable energy systems.
- (b) In cases of financial hardship, as determined by the Administrator, loans may also be made to finance the following items:
- (1) The headquarters office and other headquarters facilities in addition to those cited in paragraph (a)(4) of this section:
- (2) General plant equipment, including furniture, office, transportation, data processing and other work equipment; and
- (3) Working capital required for the initial operation of a new system.
- (c) RUS will not make loans to finance the following:
- (1) Electric facilities, equipment, appliances, or wiring located inside the